



GLOBAL
EDUCATION
FUTURES



Skills of the Future: What Does the Workforce of Tomorrow Need, and How Should we Prepare for It

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Global Education Futures: what is it

Global Education Futures is an **international platform** that brings together **shapers and sherpahs of education & training systems and their industrial & political counterparts** to discuss the future landscape of skills and global education & training ecosystems

Over 500 global experts from 50 countries (including official & technical delegates of WorldSkills from 35 countries) participated in sessions held in Europe & Russia, United States, India, South Africa, Brazil & Argentina, New Zealand, etc.

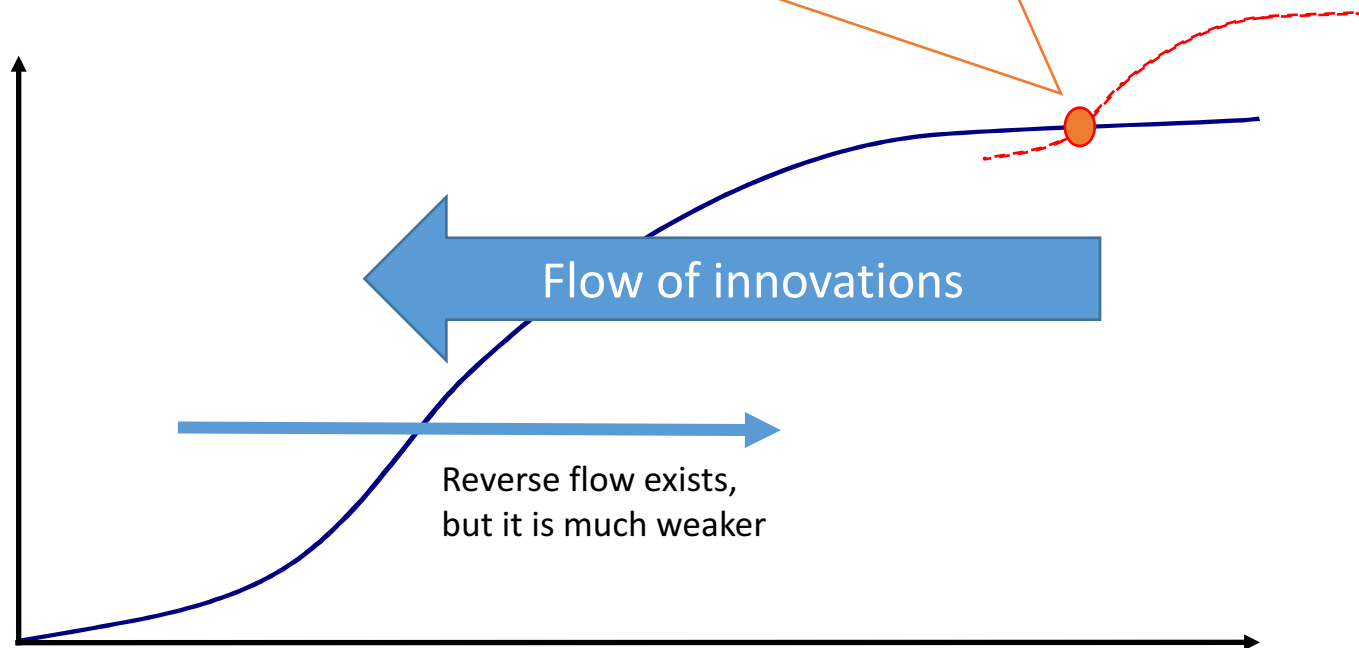
Systemic innovations
being **scaled up** on
Russian &
international level
as a part of this effort
since 2011





What should be the focus in understanding the future of skills & education?

Our focus: looking at the cutting edge of technological & educational practices



Early industrialized regions
Ca. 40% of the world's population (more in Africa, Latin America, Central Asia)

Industrialized regions
Ca. 45% of the world's population (more in China, India, the Arab World, SEA, parts of EU & North America)

Regions with dominant new or post-industrialized practices
Ca. 15% of the world's population (more in OECD countries + "pockets" within emerging economies)



How can we understand the future of skills & education?

How will the world change in next 20 years?



What will people do (and not do) in this changing world?



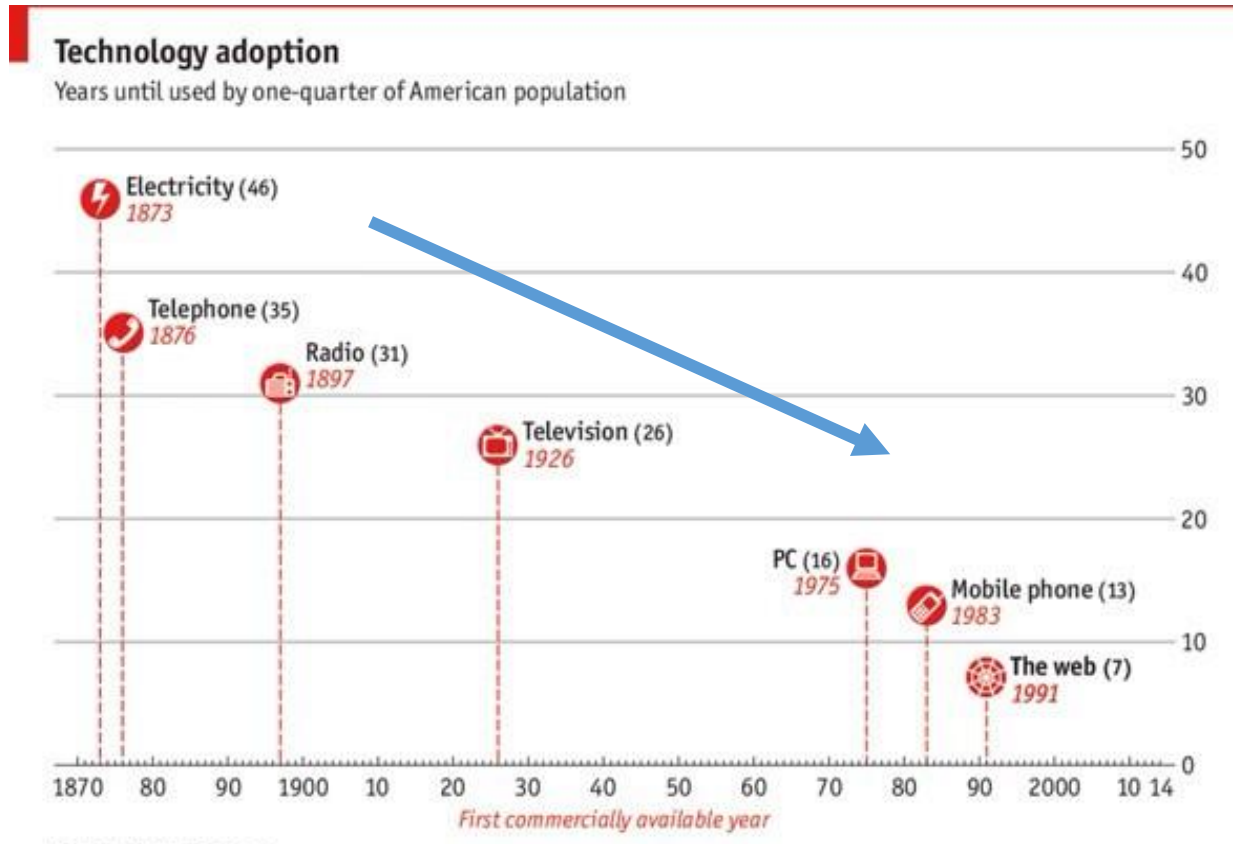
What skills & knowledge will be required?



How can these skills be acquired?



Universal (meta-)trend: acceleration of technological & social change



From electricity to Internet & smart phones, in less than 150 years the rate of adoption has dropped from half a century to 5-6 years



Universal (meta-)trend: acceleration of technological & social change



Number of children in a family



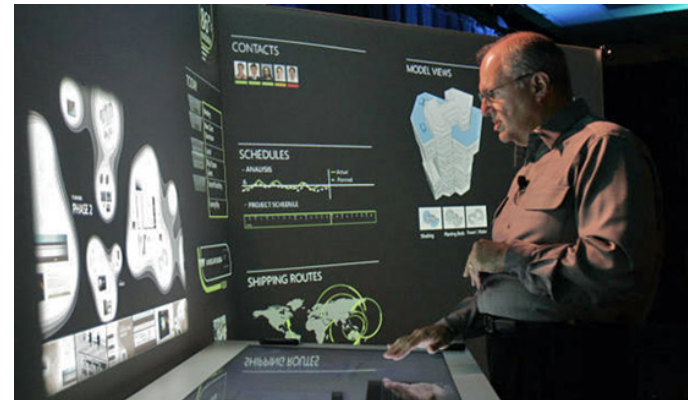
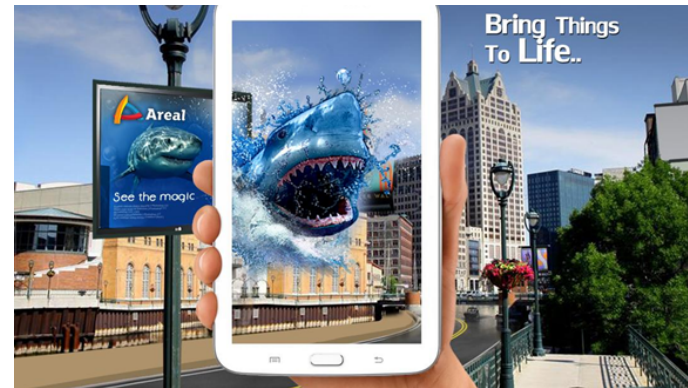
Matrimony age

Though slower, social norms have been changing at a remarkable pace as well – e.g. in terms of family-related new norms



Key trend #1: Digitalization of Economy & Society

- **IT is everywhere:**
 - Superconnected world, growing share of population online 24/7
 - Data, more data
- **Smart environments:** smart working places, smart homes & cities, home & street robotics, Internet of Things
- **New tools coming**
 - AI / artificial agents (personal assistants for everyone)
 - AR / VR after 2020
 - Brain-machine communication (BCI) after 2030?



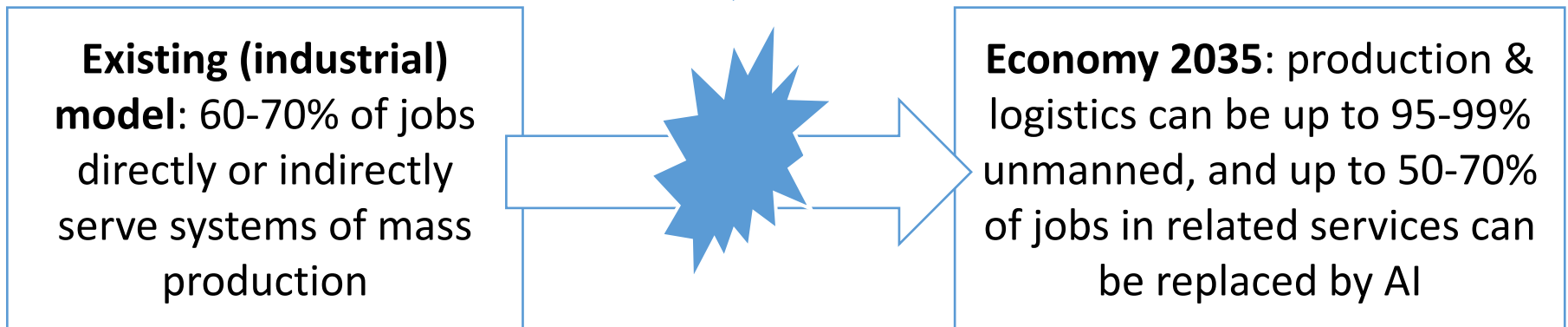
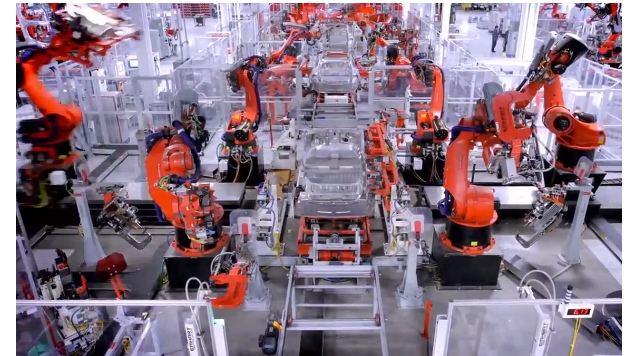
Challenge of digitalization:

Balance between 'analogue' and 'digital' worlds: negative impact on individual & collective mind (nociolasing, ADHD & beyond)



Key trend #2: Automation of Industrial World

Technologies of automation & autonomization (2015-30): AI & Big Data, robotics & IoT, autonomous generation & smart grids, unmanned transportation etc.



Challenges of automation / autonomization: high speed of displacement:

- Inevitable growth of inequality created by new technologies
- Growth of skills gap (what economy needs and what E&T can deliver)
- Clashes between old & new economy paradigms in job market and beyond (e.g. owning – sharing - giving)



Key trend #3: Greening of Human Practices

- **High localization & customization** for adaptability & efficient resource use:
 - 3D printing & similar
 - Local food production (e.g. city farming)
 - Local energy gen on demand
- **Zero waste / zero emission effort** in manufacturing, energy, services etc.
 - Sustainable energy, biofuels, biomaterials, ...
 - Cities as territories that re-create nature (artificial ecosystems)



Challenges of greening:

- Creating momentum for greening of economy & society:
 - New R&D: how to make human impact on nature beneficial
 - Rebuilding our cities
- Transition to thrivable eco-civilization by changing way we think and act



Key trend #4: Rise of the net-centric society

- **VUCA environments:** hence everyone is entrepreneurial, and hence organizations become flatter
- **Removal of artificial boundaries:** ‘fluid’ working communities that naturally blend work, life, game, and creativity
- **‘Focus on what robots will not do’:** social practices that are not beneficial to automate, e.g. human-centered services
- **New ‘finance’** (blockchain) to support new social relations through ‘reputation management’



Values & motivation “beyond money”: human attention, authenticity, wisdom, care & compassion & love

Challenge of net-centric society: increased and growing complexity

- What worked before may not work in the future (new practices / skills / jobs)
- Need new systems of governance: collective intelligence + AI
- Complex but fragile: local & global security depends on grassroots resilience & peacemaking



World 2035: where are we going *

WHAT GOES UP



- Highly autonomous industrial cyber-physical manufacturing +
- Highly local manufacturing, food production & energy gen on demand
- Green production, energy & services
- Unmanned transportation is ubiquitous
- Smart human-centered technological environments (cities, homes, ...)
- Highly personalized services in healthcare & wellness, education, entertainment etc.
- Total connectivity + hybrid reality + wide use of brain-machine communication
- Human practices of 'ludic' communities that naturally blend working, living, and creativity

WHAT GOES DOWN



- Large industrial facilities as employers
- Cities as centers of industrial mass production
- Centralization of infrastructure, coordination & development
- Manual labor in the majority of manufacturing operations (and in many service operations)
- Middle management and many industry-related services (incl. jobs in sales & marketing, supply chain management, accounting, IT support etc.)
- Boundaries between work, creativity, learning, play, and life

* These are 'global best practices'. We acknowledge the diversity of geopolitical & economical scenarios that different countries of the world may face in next 20 years



Future of manufacturing sector and skills for it

Manufacturing sector

Mass-scale industrial manufacturing (e.g. energy, natl resources, food, chemistry & new materials, machinery & equipment etc.): *highly autonomous* cyber-physical manufacturing systems

Networks of unmanned transport for industrial & consumer logistics

Customized end-user manufacturing (consumer electronics, consumer transport, apparel, furniture etc.): *localized personalized* production based on 3D manufacturing

Sector specific skills

- Cyberphysical manufacturing facility operation & maintenance
 - Skills for Internet of Things: system engineering, M2M lang, dynamic programming, etc.
 - AI development / training of AI
 - Skills for chemistry & new materials dev & production (e.g. for electric materials)
 - Flexible supply chain management
 - Technology ethics
-
- Product co-creation with customer
 - Creativity for unique product creation
 - 3D-scan-supported reverse engineering for customization (“same watch, different color”)
 - ‘*Beautiful exceptions*’ of manual work dominated by artisans

Universal skills

- Information worker skills (search, programming, etc.)
- Collaboration
- Working in dynamic / high-uncertainty environment
- Working in multidisciplinary environments
- Creativity
- System engineering
- ‘Green thinking’
- Languages: foreign + universal ‘lingua franca’ (based on IT + finance + system engineering?)
- Ability to unlearn / relearn (supported by mind-stimulation)



Future of service sector and skills for it

Service sector

Digitalized & machine-assisted **massive use services** (e.g. digital health, digital entertainment, unmanned transportation, post-retail distribution, etc.)

Uber-like direct service provider markets

Customized **highly-personalized services** (e.g. wellness, psychotherapy, fitness & tourism, hospitality, personalized art & entertainment, etc.)

Sector specific skills

- Engineering of socio-technical systems
- Sustainable design (incl. balance between personal & social structures)
- Green design
- New skills for working with 'smart machines' (e.g. human-machine psychiatrist)
- Authentic serving (serving others as a personal 'quest')
- Psychology skills
- Ethics of service including the principle of "We belong, we care, we serve"(also, principles that serve local communities, e.g. 'slow food')
- Storytelling ("every personalized service is a story")

Universal skills

Similar to those for Manufacturing sector plus:

- Concentration / attention management
- Empathy / bonding ("I am a person because of another person")



Growing segment of jobs for green urban living

Transformation of our civilization towards green / sustainable living is primarily transformation of cities. It will create multiple jobs for multiple aspects of city life, catering to needs of various population groups: new skills & existing skills increasing in importance.

Jobs that support ...

Green city living

Healthy city living

Connected city living

Harmonious city living

Some skills that will be required in this sector

- Sustainable design
- Smart grid design & maintenance
- Electric transport repairing
- Urban farming
- Environmental law
- Personal wellness advising / healthy habits coaching
- Healthy aging consulting
- Adaptation psychology
- Cyber-security management
- IoT design / maintenance
- Home robotics maintenance
- Re-education for adults
- Smart political design
- Inter-cultural communication
- Cloud police
- Cyber law



Shape of things to come: a hypothesis on future job market landscape

Massive shifts of job market structure within less than one generation will require multiple mechanisms to smoothen transformation (including education & training)

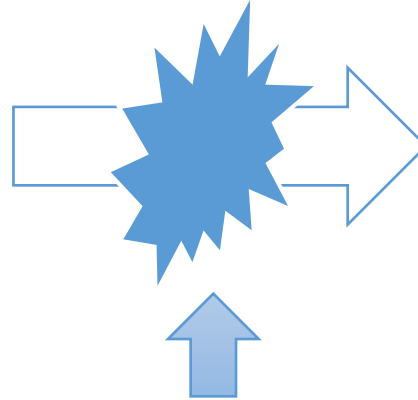
Existing (industrial) model

~60% of jobs directly or *indirectly* serve systems of mass production (incl. design & engineering, finance, marketing etc.)

~5-10% of jobs “feed” us (agriculture)

~10% of jobs: urban-related services & products

~20-25% of jobs are human-to-human services (incl. education, healthcare, wellness, govt etc.)



Technological & social shifts of next 15-20 years

Emerging model of 2035

Not more than 10-15% of high-skilled jobs (direct + indirect) remain in food, commodity & goods mass production due to automation

25-30% of jobs migrate into personalized manufacturing & urban-related jobs

Explosive growth to 50-60% of jobs in human-centered services (incl. new services) as they are least susceptible to automation



Professional, soft & meta- skills of workers & citizens of the future

Key professional skills

- Multidisciplinary work (T-specialist to m-specialist)
- Multicultural + multi-lingual competencies
- IT competencies
- Working in distributed (IT enhanced) environments

Soft skills

- Problem- and *opportunity* oriented thinking (*not* critical thinking)
- Entrepreneurial skills: acting in uncertainty & taking responsibility (for VUCA environments)
- Creativity (incl. “right-brain” creativity)
- Collaboration
- Empathy & emotional intelligence
- “Ethics of responsibility” (social + environmental)
- “Information hygiene”: assessing quality of information, employing good communication practices

Meta-skills

- Concentration & attention management
- Flexibility & adaptability
- Resilience & personal (physical / psychological) health management
- Self-development + ability to unlearn / relearn throughout life



Voice of Youth: does anything of this feels relevant to the next generation?

Ongoing Global Education Futures project:

- engaging young learners (age 9 to 16) into discussion and active changemaking of the education system in the interest of learners
- Pilots conducted in Russia, Argentina, and the US. Continuing in 2016-17, expanding to 20 countries.

What do children say:

- **Technologies** (of automation & digitalization) are good as they **free people** for human interaction and creativity, and “bring parents back home”
- Want to see **shared** (borderless) **global world** with no wars (want to study cultural literacy and peacemaking as basic skills to do it)
- **“Greening”** as their primary collective task: learning to “feel” nature and restore our contact with it, stop harming it
- Want to **stop animal abuse**, and learn how to be kind to each other
- They are ready to be change participants and change makers
- Their **biggest fear**: **“adults won’t let us do it, and future won’t happen”**





What is How: adaptation of education to future skill demand

The current educational model is flawed by design: it prepares people for skills of the past, not skills of the future!

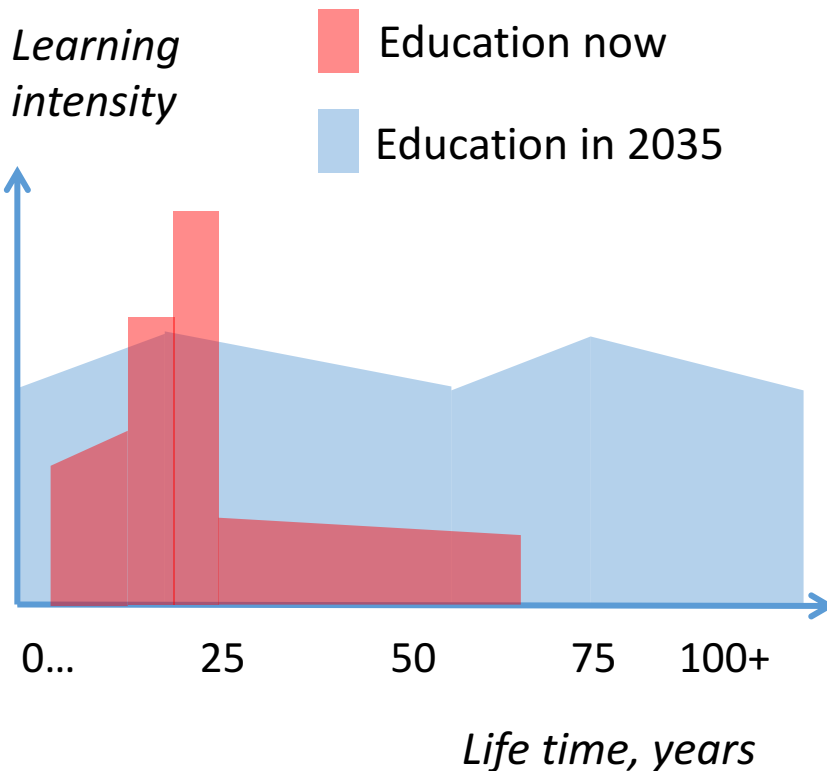
- We cannot teach people to be creative by giving them standard tasks
- We cannot teach people to be collaborative by putting them in competition against each other
- We cannot teach people to be lifelong learners if we deprive them of self-exploration and courage to learn, if we blame them for mistakes
- We cannot teach people to be empathic / emotionally intelligent by removing emotion and focusing on cognitive abilities only
- We cannot teach people to use IT properly if we remove it from the school
- We cannot teach people to be mindful if we are not mindful



Educational processes and formats need to be redefined to enable the development of 21 century workers / citizens / humans



Transition to lifelong learning

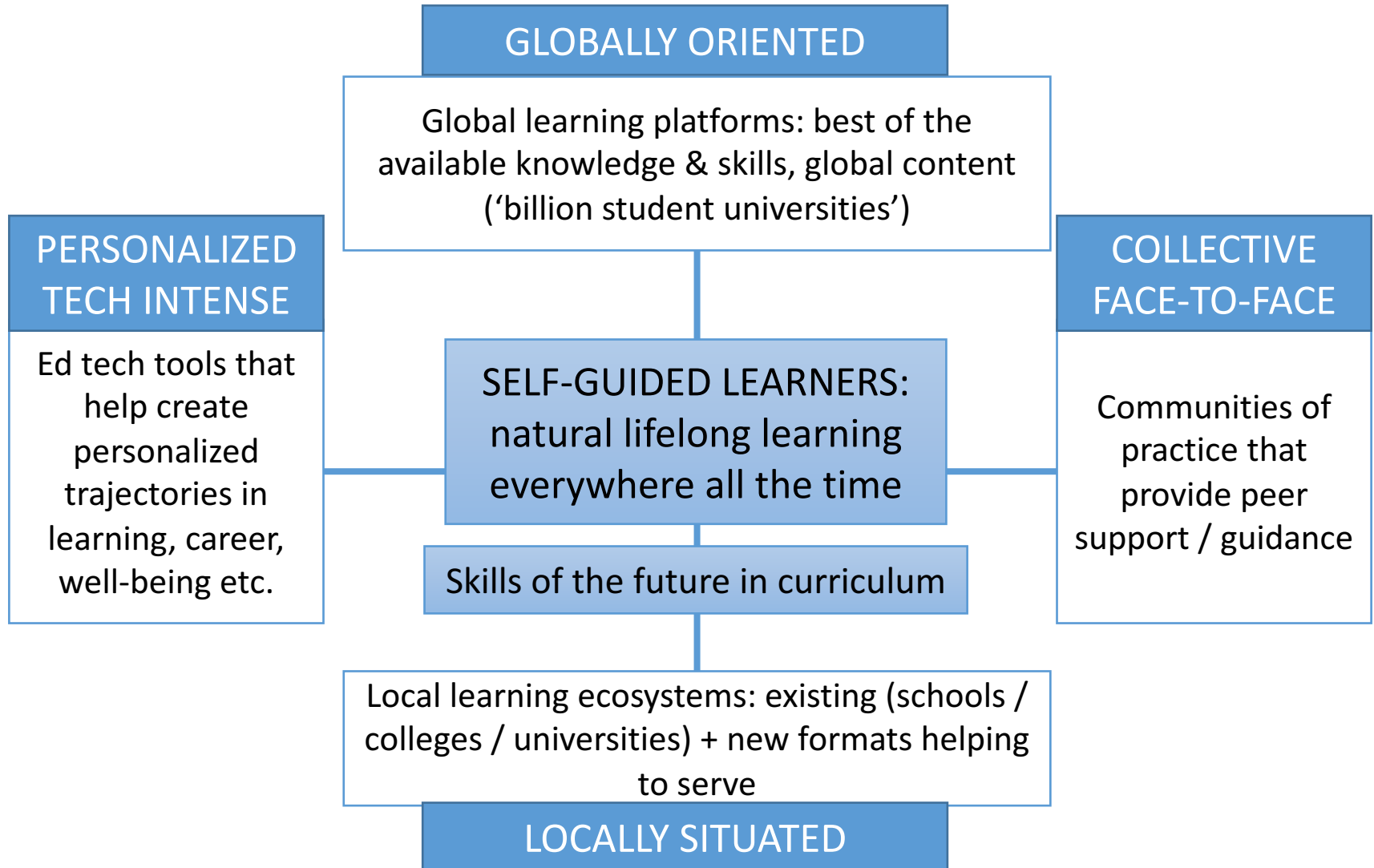


Key transformations:

- There is no way to prepare for life in the increasingly uncertain world
- (Thus) education is not about the start of life, it is about all of life
- Education is not about getting a professional skill, it is about living through your life
- Nobody can own or control your development & growth - but you. So you need to learn to become your own master, you need to learn how to learn
- If learning is a lifetime journey, then it is not about goals, it is about quality of the process. Enjoy the way



Big shifts ahead: learner-centered lifelong education





Key areas of change in education: what regulators & administrators should do

Industrial / national / international qualification & competence systems:
getting ready for self-guided lifelong learning, incl. lifelong 'competence passports' / personal portfolios / unbundling of degrees etc.

Traditional education system (schools / TVET / HE):

- rebuilding curriculum for 21 century skills (incl. collaborative not competitive design of education processes)
- opening to practical, socially embedded, green-minded, cross-generational learning
- teacher & learner(s) as partners
 - learning is flipped
 - new teacher skillset

Online learning:

- take over routine elements of flipped school / university
- create opportunities for mobile 24/7 personalized learning
- integrate with game universes & social media & professional networks

Urban / community learning:

- integrate opportunities for lifelong learning & development (incl. family, personal crises etc.)
- urban learning hubs for social innovation & entrepreneurship



Future ↑

~~Past~~



Proposals for WorldSkills: competitions of the future & development of the movement

Some proposals made by Global Education Futures forum attendees representing WorldSkills movement

New types of competitions for WSI

- Competitions for collaboration / teamwork, including product lifecycle management (PLM) competitions for teams
- Soft skills competitions, including cross-cultural communication & public presentation
- Problem-solving challenges
- Competitions for WS experts (assessment & communication)
- Challenges for educators & trainers
- Specific “future skills”: cybersecurity, mobile app development, Industrial Internet analysis & configuration, recycling management, smart grid design, electric vehicle repair etc.

New role of WSI

- Massive WS competitions (natl & internatl) as skill validation centers
- WS to provide international industry credentials for student participants
- WS can build global online learning platform for skills (with use of AR) and use it for international skills validation (in distant perspective)
- WS can become a ‘skill archive’ for traditional & disappearing skills

“The best way to
predict the future is
to create it.”

– *Dr. Peter F. Drucker*



